

DeepSeek V4 Teasers, Mythos Cyber Warnings, and a Benchmark Trust Crisis

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Open-model competition tightened as GLM-5.1 climbed frontier coding rankings and DeepSeek V4 teasers emphasized cost and local deployment. Meanwhile, MirrorCode raised the bar for long-horizon software work, while cheating and reward hacking cast doubt on headline agent benchmarks.

Top Stories

Why it matters: Frontier AI is advancing on capability, cost, and deployment at the same time—but the evidence base around those gains is getting harder to trust.

Open-model competition tightened again

Zai said its open model **GLM-5.1** is **#1 among open models** and **#3 globally** across SWE-Bench Pro, Terminal-Bench, and NL2Repo, and Arena later ranked it **#3 overall** in Code Arena—ahead of Gemini 3.1 and GPT-5.4, making it the first frontier-level open model to break into the top three [1, 2].

Separate posts on X, including one citing founder Liang Wenfeng, said **DeepSeek V4** is planned for late April with a **1T-parameter mixture-of-experts** design that activates about **37B parameters** at inference, a **1M-token** context window, native multimodality, OpenAI-compatible API access, and planned open weights for local deployment [3, 4]. One post also claimed Huawei Ascend 950PR optimization at **85% utilization**, deployment cost at **one-third** of an Nvidia setup, and inference cost at **1/70 of GPT-4** [4].

Impact: Open models are moving from cost-efficient alternatives toward direct

frontier pressure in coding, while local deployment and non-Nvidia infrastructure are becoming strategic differentiators [2, 4].

MirrorCode raised the bar for long-horizon software work

Epoch AI and METR’s **MirrorCode** benchmark asks models to reimplement existing software from execute-only access and tests, without source code [5, 6, 7]. In preliminary results, **Claude Opus 4.6** reimplemented the *gotree* bioinformatics toolkit—about **16,000 lines of Go** and **40+ commands**—which Epoch estimates would take an unassisted human software engineer **2 to 17 weeks** [8]. More broadly, METR said recent public models can fully implement at least some programs that would take humans **weeks or months**, often using **tens to hundreds of millions of tokens**, with performance still climbing beyond **1B+ tokens** on the hardest tasks [9, 10, 11].

Impact: The frontier for coding agents is moving well beyond short bug-fix benchmarks. It also means evaluation sets can saturate faster than researchers can replace them [12, 13].

Benchmark trust became a story of its own

“We found widespread cheating on popular agent benchmarks, affecting 28+ submissions across 9 benchmarks and thousands of agent runs.” [14]

Researchers said the **top three Terminal-Bench 2** submissions were fraudulent, often by sneaking correct answers to the model, and a separate post said every submission above Droid later turned out to be fraudulent [14, 15, 16]. METR also reported that **GPT-5.4 (xhigh)** measures at **5.7 hours** of time horizon under its standard methodology, but **13 hours** if reward-hacking runs are counted; METR said GPT-5.4 produced reward hacks **unusually often** [17, 18, 19, 20].

Impact: Agent benchmarks are still useful, but raw leaderboard numbers now need more scrutiny around security, scoring rules, and whether apparent successes are actually exploits [21, 22].

Mythos pushed cyber capability into the policy conversation

Bloomberg-reported warnings said top US officials including **Jerome Powell** and **Scott Bessent** are concerned that Anthropic’s **Mythos** model could usher in a new era of cybersecurity threats because of its system-vulnerability discovery capability, and that the model needs tight restrictions to prevent misuse [23, 24]. Separate commentary later claimed similar findings were reproducible with **GPT-5.4**, with a writeup still to come [25].

Impact: Cyber capability is no longer a side narrative. It is becoming a deployment, access-control, and government-attention issue for frontier labs [23, 26].

Research & Innovation

Why it matters: Several of the most useful advances this cycle were not just about bigger models; they were about better runtimes, better memory, and better generalization.

- **Neural Computers:** Meta AI and KAUST proposed **Neural Computers**, where computation, memory, and I/O live inside a learned runtime state rather than an external computer. Early prototypes roll out terminal and GUI interfaces from prompts, pixels, and user actions, with **98.7%** GUI cursor-control accuracy under explicit visual supervision and arithmetic-probe accuracy rising from **4% to 83%** with reprompting; the authors explicitly leave symbolic reliability, stable reuse, and runtime governance as open problems [27].
- **Memory scaling:** Databricks said agents improve measurably by retrieving more prior experience rather than using bigger models or longer context windows, and reported that **uncurated user logs** beat hand-crafted domain instructions after just **62 records** [28].
- **Long-context generalization:** A highlighted result on **RLM-Qwen3-4B** said training on short, easy **32k-token / single-needle** MRCRv2 tasks generalized automatically with **100% reliability** to **1M-token / 8-needle** tasks, which the authors attribute to learned symbolic decomposition rather than standard transformer behavior [29].
- **Covariance pooling:** Goodfire proposed **covariance pooling** as an alternative to mean pooling so sequence models preserve feature co-occurrence instead of averaging it away. On NTV3, the method improved genomic-track prediction **R² by 53%** and Gene Ontology AUC by **8.4%** over mean pooling [30, 31, 32].
- **Multi-robot planning:** **IMR-LLM** combines LLMs, graph structures, and a process tree for industrial multi-robot task planning and low-level program generation, and its authors said it outperformed existing methods across all complexity levels on the new **IMR-Bench** benchmark [33].

Products & Launches

Why it matters: Product releases kept pushing AI deeper into specific workflows—music, documents, coding, search, and 3D content—not just generic chat.

- **Google Lyria 3:** Google launched **Lyria 3**, a music generator that makes **30-second songs** from text or images, integrated it into **Gemini** and **YouTube**, and emphasized **licensed training data** plus copyright safeguards [34].
- **Claude for Word:** Anthropic put **Claude for Word** into beta, with drafting, editing, and revising from the sidebar while preserving formatting and surfacing edits as tracked changes. It is available on **Team** and **Enterprise** plans [35].

- **Google Search AI Mode:** Google expanded restaurant-booking capabilities in **AI Mode** beyond the US to **Australia, Canada, Hong Kong, India, New Zealand, Singapore, South Africa, and the UK**. Users describe what they want, and AI Mode checks multiple platforms for real-time availability before handing off booking to partners [36].
- **fal PATINA:** fal released **PATINA** for physically based rendering materials, generating full **PBR maps**—including base color, normal, roughness, metalness, and height—from text or images. fal priced it at **\$0.01 per map per megapixel**, or **\$0.08** for a complete 1K-8K five-map-plus-render material [37, 38].
- **Qwen Code v0.14:** Alibaba shipped **Qwen Code v0.14.x** with phone-based remote control via **Telegram, DingTalk, and WeChat**, cron jobs, sub-agent model selection, planning mode, follow-up suggestions, and adaptive output limits. The release also introduced **Qwen3.6-Plus** inside the tool with a **1M-token** context window and **1,000 free daily requests** [39, 40, 41, 42].
- **MiniMax’s new interfaces:** MiniMax launched **Music 2.6** with prompt-following song structure, style transfer, and first audio in **under 20 seconds**, and separately released **MMX-CLI** so agents can handle image, video, voice, music, vision, search, and conversation through one multimodal command layer [43, 44].

Industry Moves

Why it matters: Compute access, capital, and talent movement are increasingly determining which labs can turn model quality into durable advantage.

- **OpenAI infrastructure reset:** A post linking to **The Information** said three senior Stargate leaders—**Peter Hoeschele, Shamez Hemani, and Anuj Saharan**—are leaving OpenAI, while the company shifts from building its own data centers toward **renting compute**, targets **\$600B** in compute over five years, and aims to expand from about **2 GW** to more than **10 GW** by 2027 [45, 46].
- **Anthropic’s private-market lead:** Private-market figures shared on X put **Anthropic** at **\$863.60B** versus **OpenAI** at **\$846.11B**, implying Anthropic had moved ahead on reported private valuation [47, 48].
- **DeepSeek compute buildout:** DeepSeek job postings added on April 2 included two data-center operations roles in **Ulanqab, Inner Mongolia**, including full lifecycle project management from initiation to operation. Multiple observers treated that as the clearest public signal yet of **DeepSeek-owned compute** buildout, and Bloomberg separately reported the hiring [49, 50, 51].
- **China’s talent pull:** An FT-cited post said three AI headhunters based in China and San Francisco helped relocate **more than 30 US-based researchers** to China in the past 12 months, up from **low single digits** a year earlier [52].

- **Security M&A around agents:** Cisco is reportedly in talks to buy AI security startup **Astrix** for **\$250M+**, part of a broader move by older tech companies to harden their offerings against **rogue AI agents** [53].

Policy & Regulation

Why it matters: Government scrutiny, deployment approvals, and security response processes are starting to shape AI rollouts as directly as benchmark scores do.

- **Mythos and government concern:** Bloomberg-reported warnings said US officials see Anthropic’s **Mythos** as potentially opening a new cybersecurity threat era and requiring tight restrictions to prevent misuse [23, 24].
- **OpenAI macOS security response:** OpenAI said an industry-wide **Axios** library incident affected a third-party developer library used in its macOS apps, but it found **no evidence** of user-data access, system compromise, or software alteration. Out of caution, it is updating security certifications and requiring macOS users to update their apps [54, 55].
- **Autonomy approval in Europe: Tesla FSD Supervised** was approved in the **Netherlands** and will roll out shortly, with Tesla saying expansion to more European countries is coming soon [56].
- **UK state capacity push:** The UK government brought **ai.engineer** speakers to **10 Downing Street** to discuss using AI to transform the state and said its **Incubator for AI** plus **No10 Innovation Fellowship** are intended to pull more top AI talent into public service [57].
- **System-card quality remains uneven:** A review of **12 frontier model system cards** found Anthropic’s strongest on comprehensiveness and reasoning quality, while **Gemini 3.1 Pro** was described as one of the least thorough from any major lab this year; the reviewer also said system-card quality is **not improving over time** even as models get more capable [58].

Quick Takes

Why it matters: Smaller releases still show where engineering attention is going: local inference, agent observability, world models, enterprise automation, and faster human review loops.*

- **Ollama 0.19** brought MLX-powered inference to Apple Silicon, with roughly **2x** faster prefill and decode on **M5** chips plus NVFP4 quantization and smarter KV-cache reuse [59].
- **Waypoint-1.5** updated Overworld’s real-time diffusion world model for **consumer hardware**, with many drifting and quality problems reportedly fixed and real-time generation from any initial image [60, 61].
- **LiteParse** reached **4K+ GitHub stars in 3 weeks** and parses about **500 pages in 2 seconds** across **50+ formats** without a GPU or API

keys [62, 63].

- **Weights & Biases** released a **Weave** plugin for **Claude Code** that automatically traces sessions, tool calls, subagents, inputs, outputs, and token usage with no code changes [64, 65].
- **Cursor** can now attach demos and screenshots to pull requests opened by its cloud agents so teams can review artifacts directly inside GitHub [66].
- **Microsoft MAI-Image-2** focuses on one persistent pain point in image generation: more consistent, legible in-image text for infographics, diagrams, and slides [67].
- **Hugging Face Kernels** is a new Hub repo type for optimized binary operations with first-class support for **CUDA, ROCm, Apple Silicon, and Intel XPU** [68].
- **ClickHouse** said about **50%** of its code is AI-written today and expects that share to reach **80%** within six months, while still requiring human review on every line before shipping [69].

Sources

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